

CECL is Here, Now What?

Arkansas Bankers Association MEGA Conference

September 27, 2023



Today's Speakers

Shawn O'Brien

President
QwickRate



- Leads the strategy for the premier non-brokered CD marketplace and accompanying products
- Serves on the Board of Directors - National Bank of St. Anne
- Former Owner & President of QR Lending
- Co-founder of QwickAnalytics

shawn.obrien@qwickrate.com

*Let's look at what is
happening now*



IntelliCredit™
A division of QwickRate

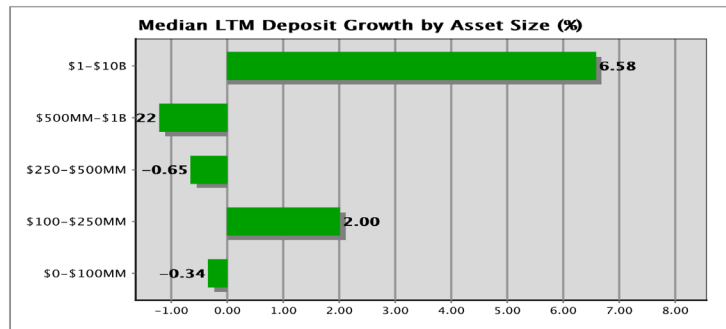
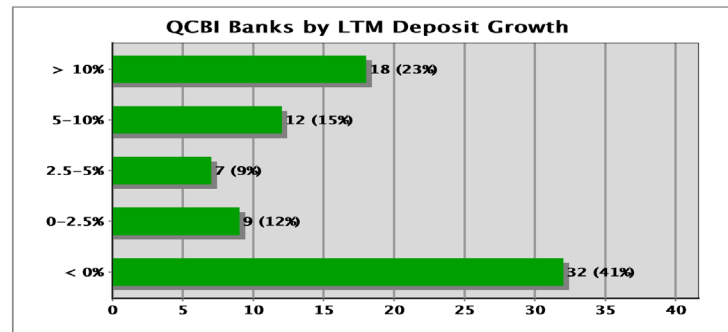
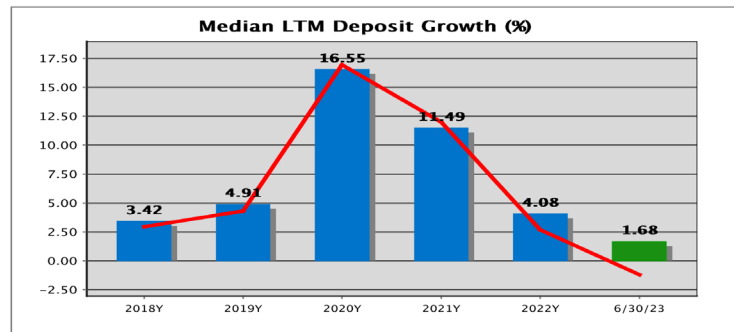
Current Credit/Banking Concerns (General)

Liquidity & deposit drains fuel fears of loan funding / credit crunch.

Deposit Growth Trends: Banks <\$10B

QwickAnalytics State Performance Trends Deposit Growth Trends

Arkansas
Banks
June 30, 2023



— National Trend

* LTM = Last 12-months (or "trailing" 12-months)

QwickAnalytics™

Q2 '23 Call Report Data

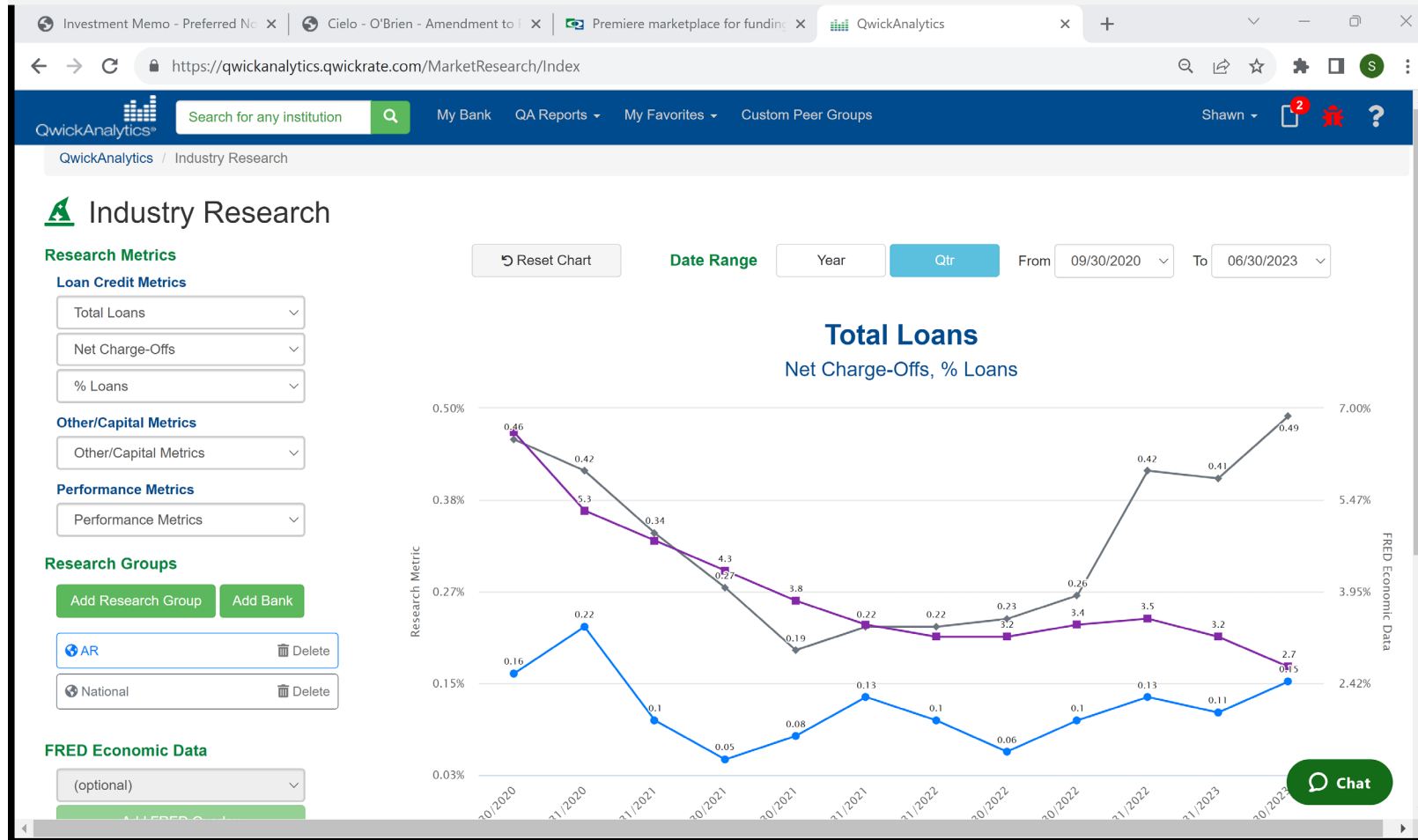
Along with concentrations, a key factor in fueling your customers' fear is the possibility of a credit crunch ahead!

Current Credit/Banking Concerns (General)

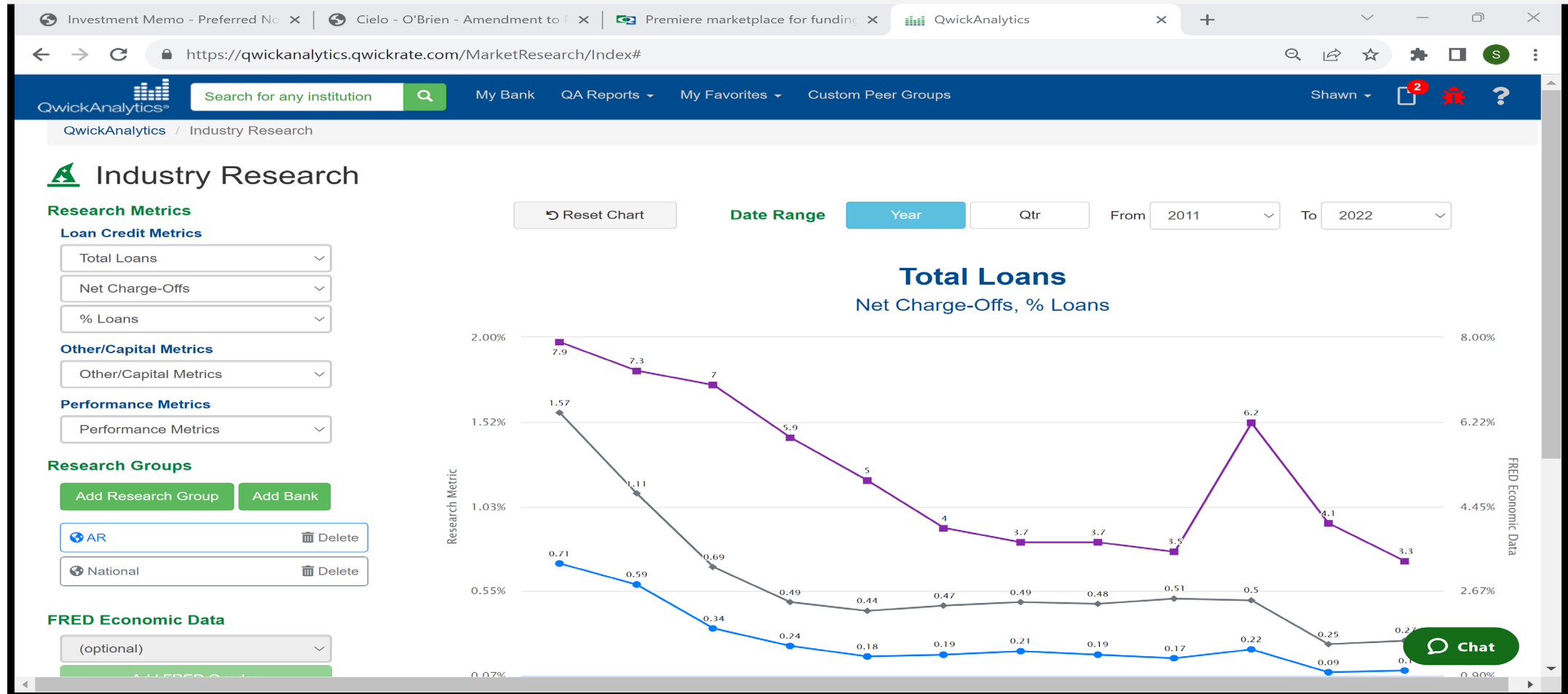
Liquidity & deposit drains fuel fears of loan funding / credit crunch.

Reserves at smaller banks have declined—not so at larger banks or in Arkansas

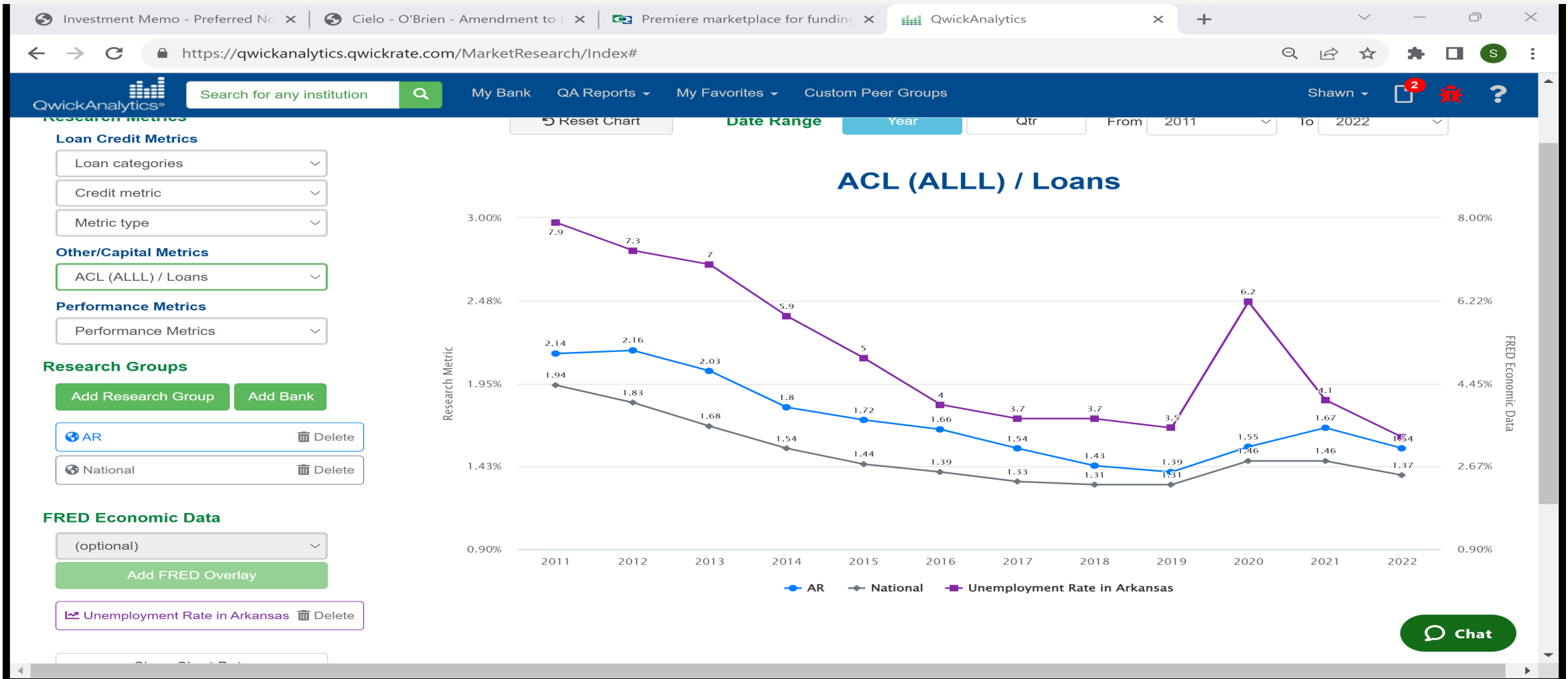
Arkansas median Net Chargeoffs are better than the National median



Longer term the trend is true too!



Fewer charge-offs, higher reserves.



Current Credit/Banking Concerns (Industry General)

Community banks' earnings declined Q2 '23.

Liquidity & deposit drains fuel fears of loan funding / credit crunch.

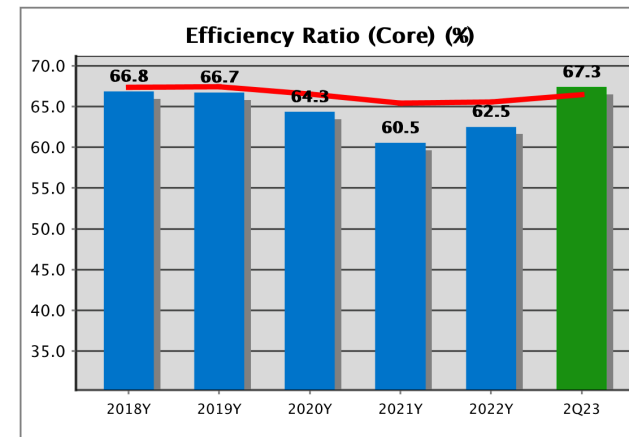
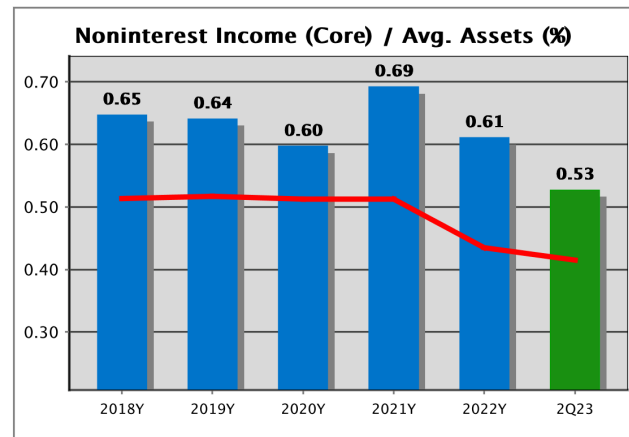
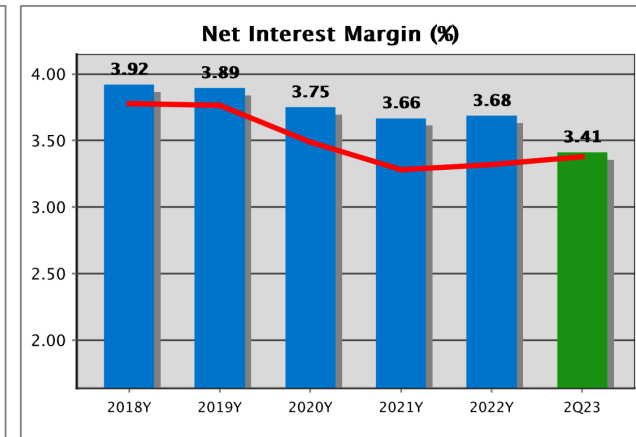
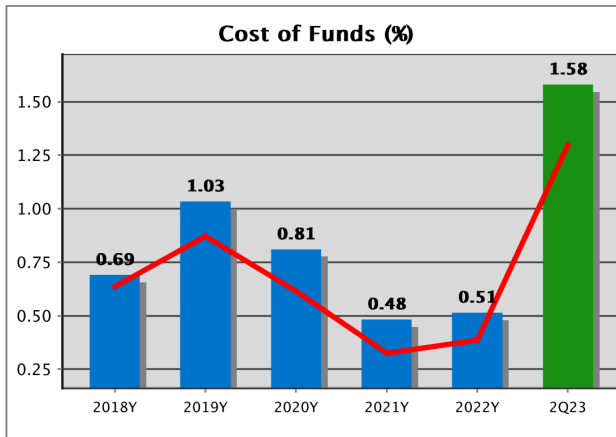
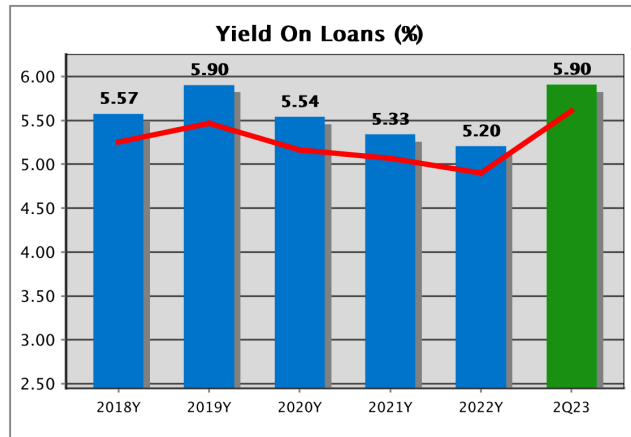
Reserves at smaller banks have declined—not so at larger banks.

Continuing negative pressures on NIM's and efficiency ratios.

QuickAnalytics State Performance Trends

Performance Trends

Arkansas
Banks
June 30, 2023



— National Trend

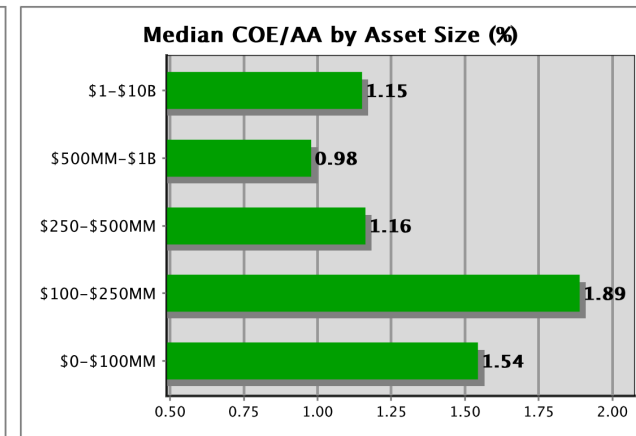
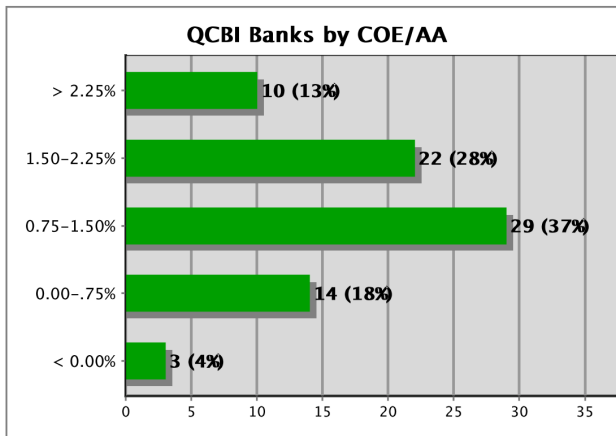
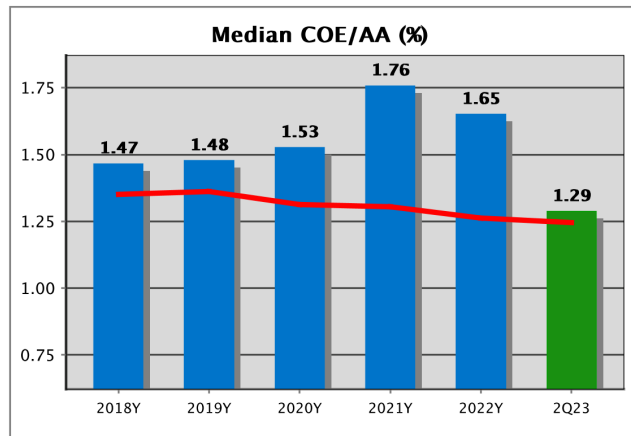
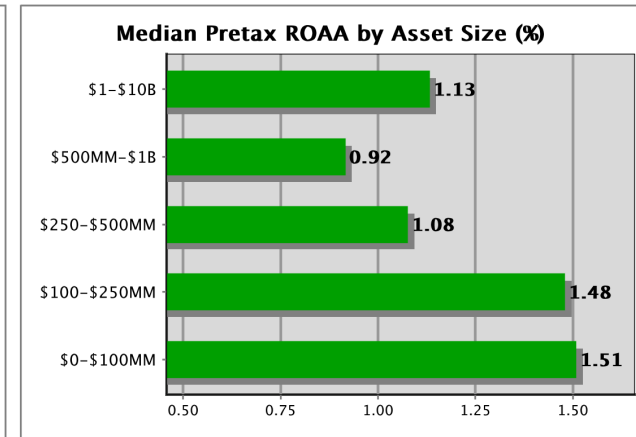
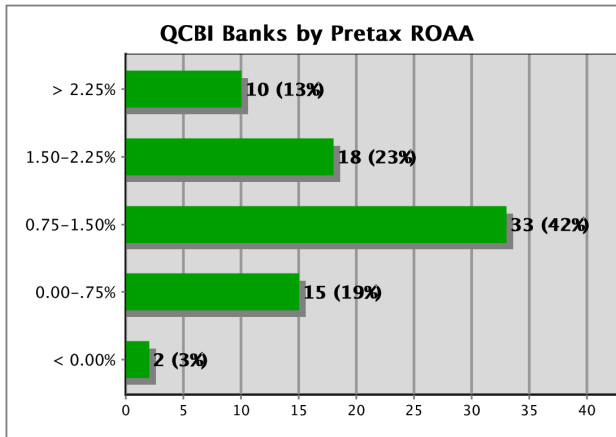
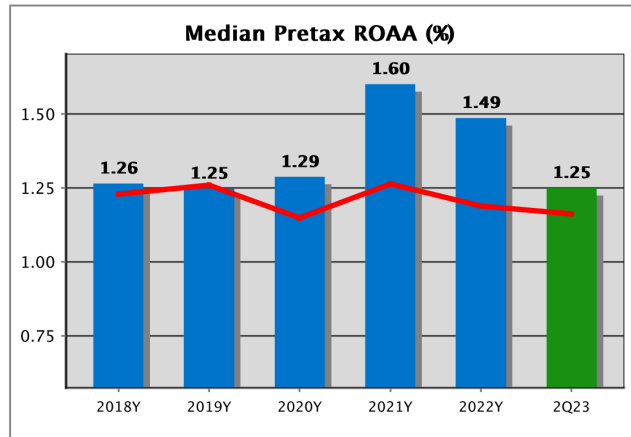
Note: All data points represent median values; current period data (green bars) are for the most recent quarter (MRQ); Core items exclude nonrecurring gains/losses



QwickAnalytics State Performance Trends

Profitability Trends

Arkansas
Banks
June 30, 2023



— National Trend

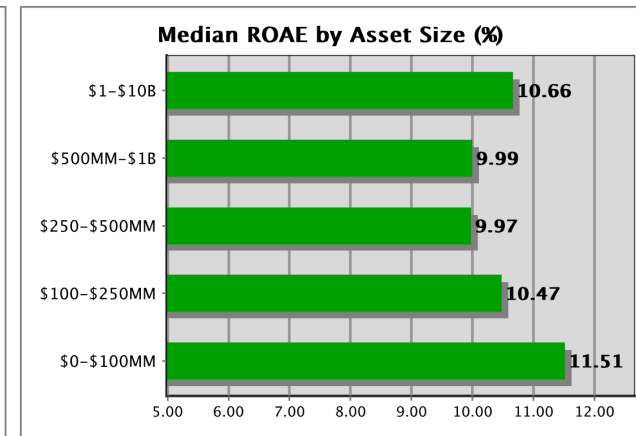
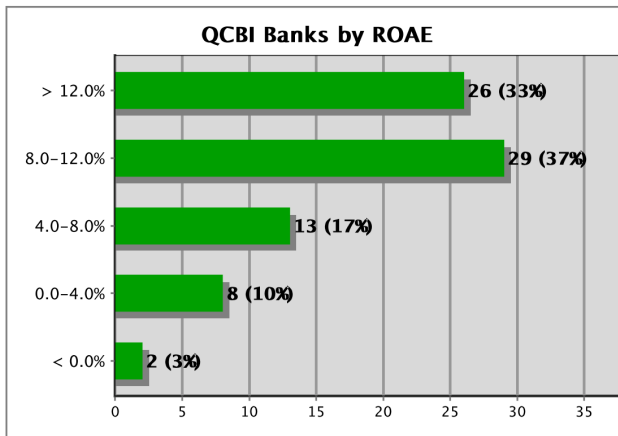
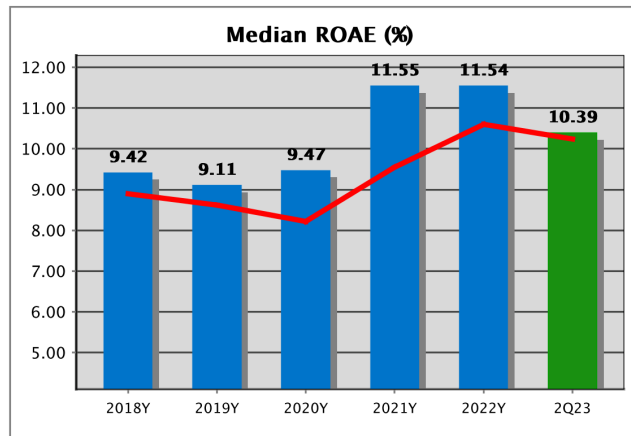
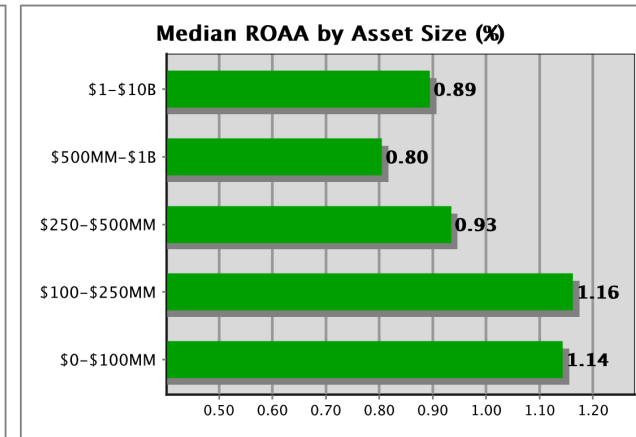
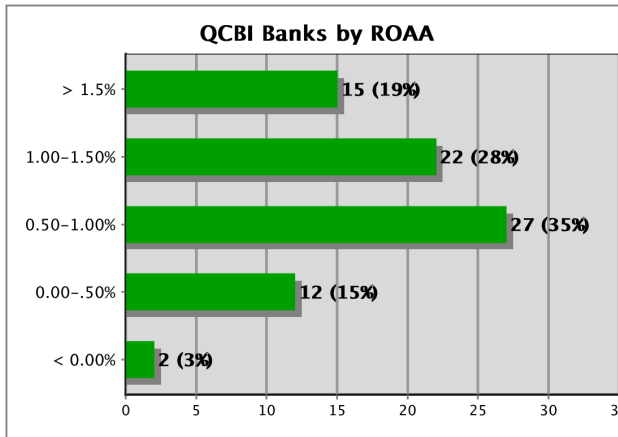
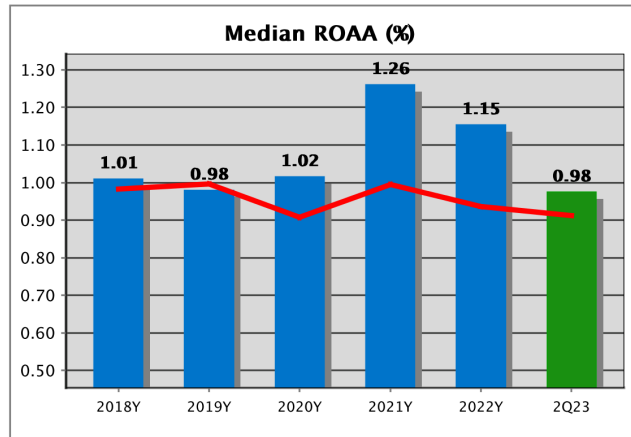
* Core Operating Earnings excludes credit-related & nonrecurring items (loan loss provision, nonrecurring gain/(loss) on the sale of assets (other than loans), impairment losses, etc.)
current period data (green bars) are for the most recent quarter (MRQ)



QwickAnalytics State Performance Trends

Profitability Trends

Arkansas
Banks
June 30, 2023



— National Trend

* ROAA & ROAE have been tax-affected for all S-Corp status institutions at an assumed tax rate of 21% (35% prior to 3/31/18); current period data (green bars) are for the most recent quarter (MRQ)



QwickAnalytics™



Current Credit/Banking Concerns (Industry General)

Community banks' earnings declined Q2 '23.

Liquidity & deposit drains fuel fears of loan funding / credit crunch.

Reserves at smaller banks have declined—not so at larger banks.

Continuing negative pressures on NIM's and efficiency ratios.

Community banker economic sentiment “worse than dismal”. (CSBS Chief Economist)

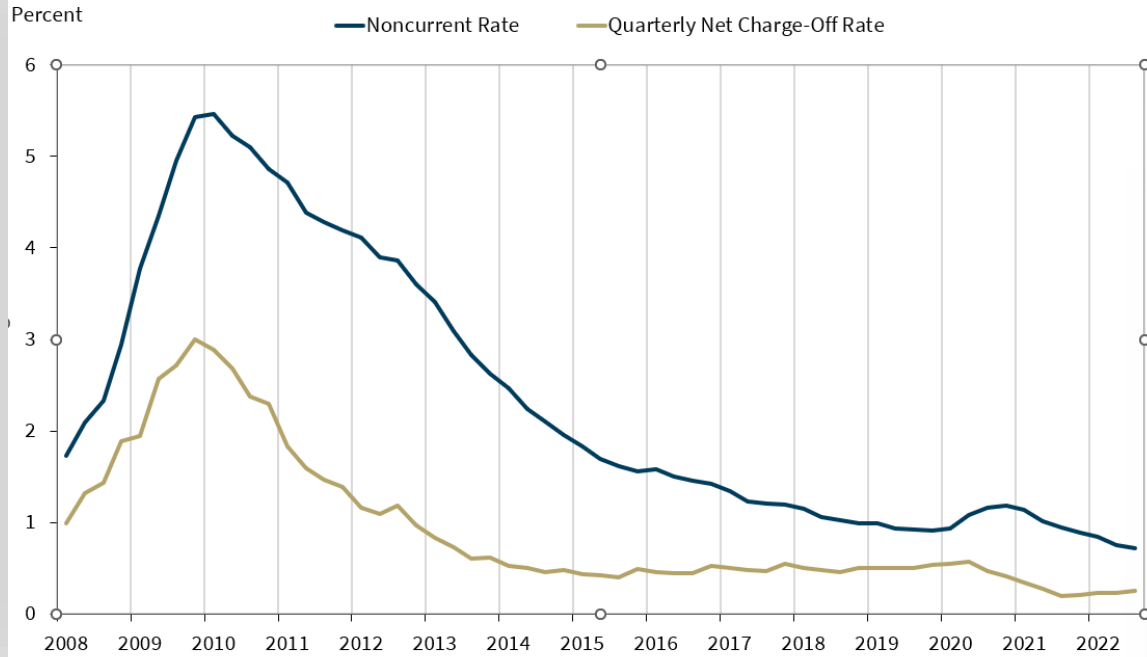
Be prepared for overreaction (investor & regulatory) over first signs of stress.

Current Credit Concerns (General)

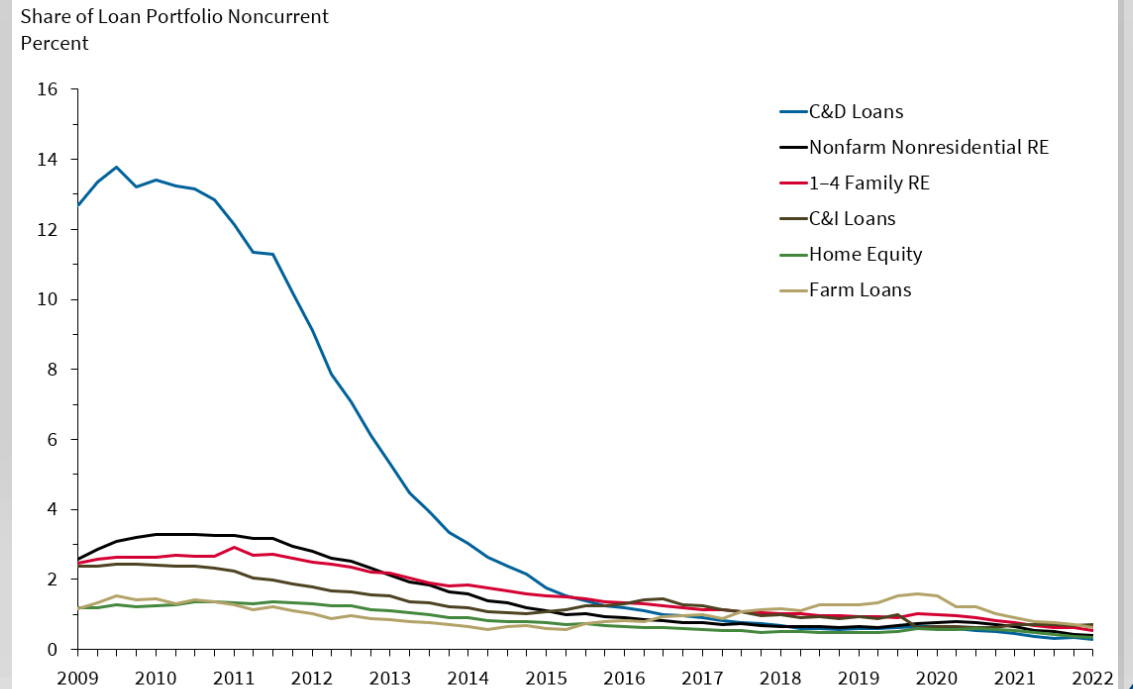
Credit *performance* metrics still good, but future clouded by several factors.

Source Of The Complacency

Noncurrent Loan Rate and Quarterly Net Charge-Off Rate



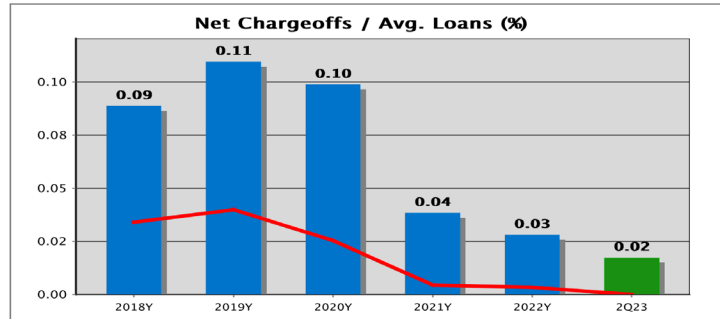
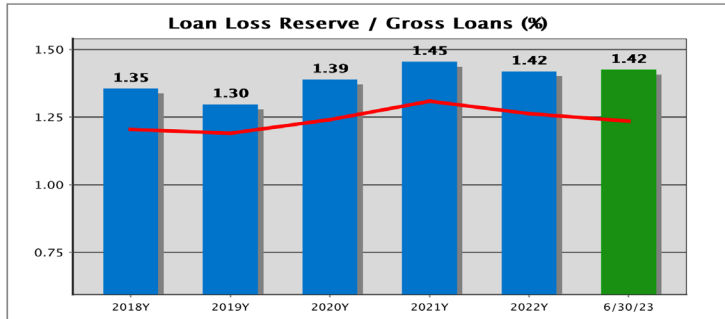
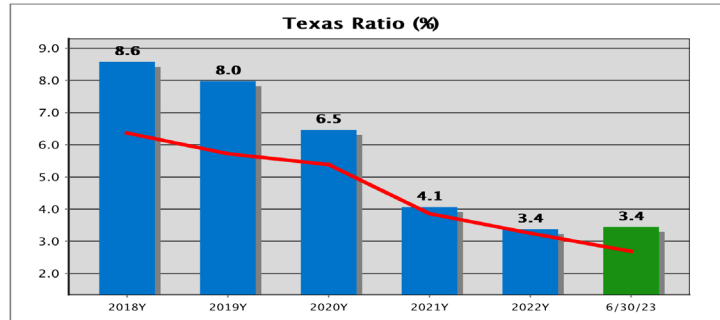
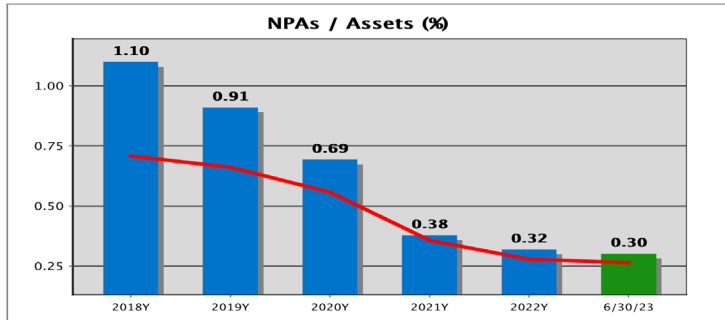
Noncurrent Loan Rates for FDIC-Insured Community Banks



NPAs down, reserves are strong in Arkansas

QwickAnalytics State Performance Trends Asset Quality Trends

Arkansas
Banks
June 30, 2023



— National Trend
 * All data points represent median values; NPAs = loans 90+ days P.D. + nonaccrual loans + restructured loans + OREO;
 Texas Ratio = NPAs as a percentage of tangible equity + loan loss reserve

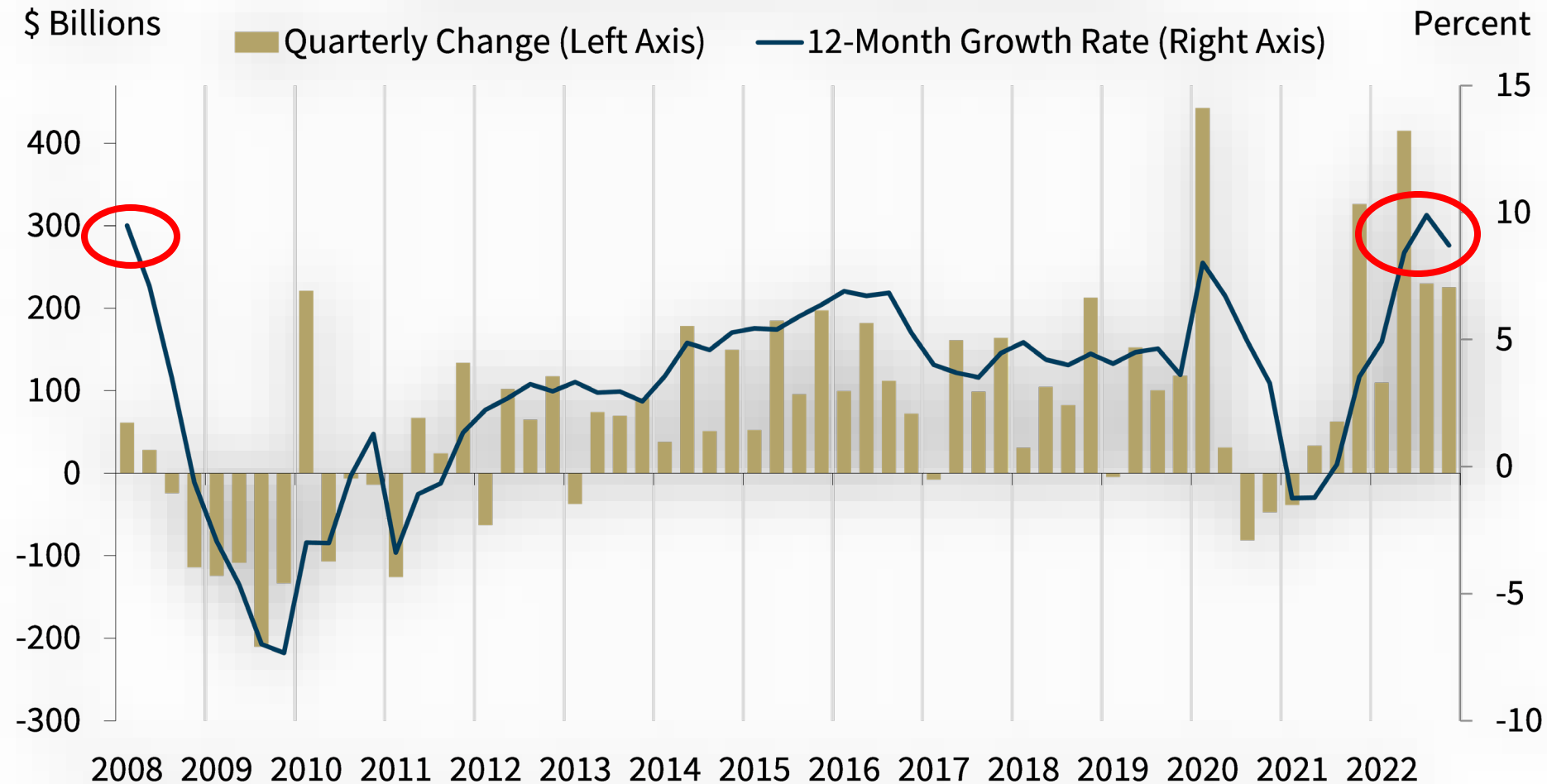
QwickAnalytics™

IF and WHEN this curve turns upward, remember the smaller banks' conundrum:

- Reluctance to move against known borrowers
- Disproportionate capital/reputational impact of losses
- High dependence on real estate (the most illiquid of problem assets)

National Loan Growth Trends: All Banks

Quarterly Change in Loan Balances

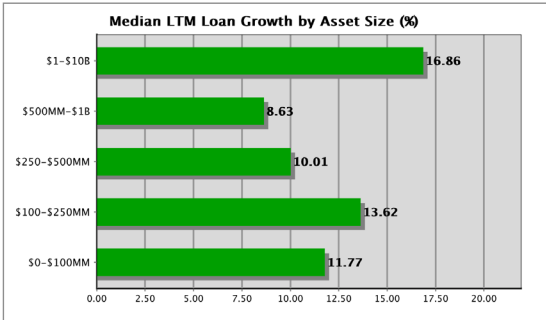
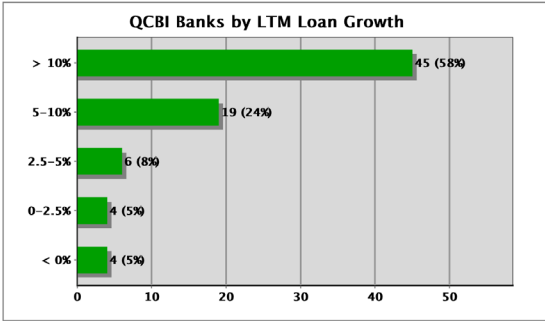
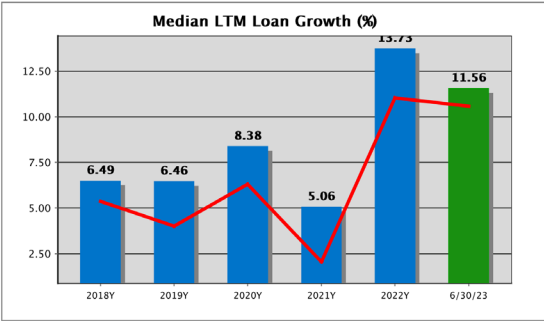


AR Loan Growth Trends: Banks <\$10B

Q2 '23 Call Report Data

QwickAnalytics State Performance Trends
Loan Growth Trends

Arkansas
 Banks
 June 30, 2023



— National Trend

* LTM = Last 12-months (or "trailing" 12-months)



Vintages matter:

A weakened economy will disproportionately penalize credit quality from the most recent bursts of growth!

Lending headwinds:

~57% of CRE/C&I now funded by non-banks—



Current Credit Concerns (General)

Credit *performance* metrics still good, but future clouded by several factors.

Loan demand moderating, but vintages require monitoring.

Credit servicing continues to struggle.

Rising consumer debt and delinquencies are now real.

Current Credit* Concerns (By Industry)

Highest Risk: CRE Office & Retail / Consumer* / Small Business

Moderate Risk: CRE Hospitality / Specialty Lending

Lowest Risk: Agriculture

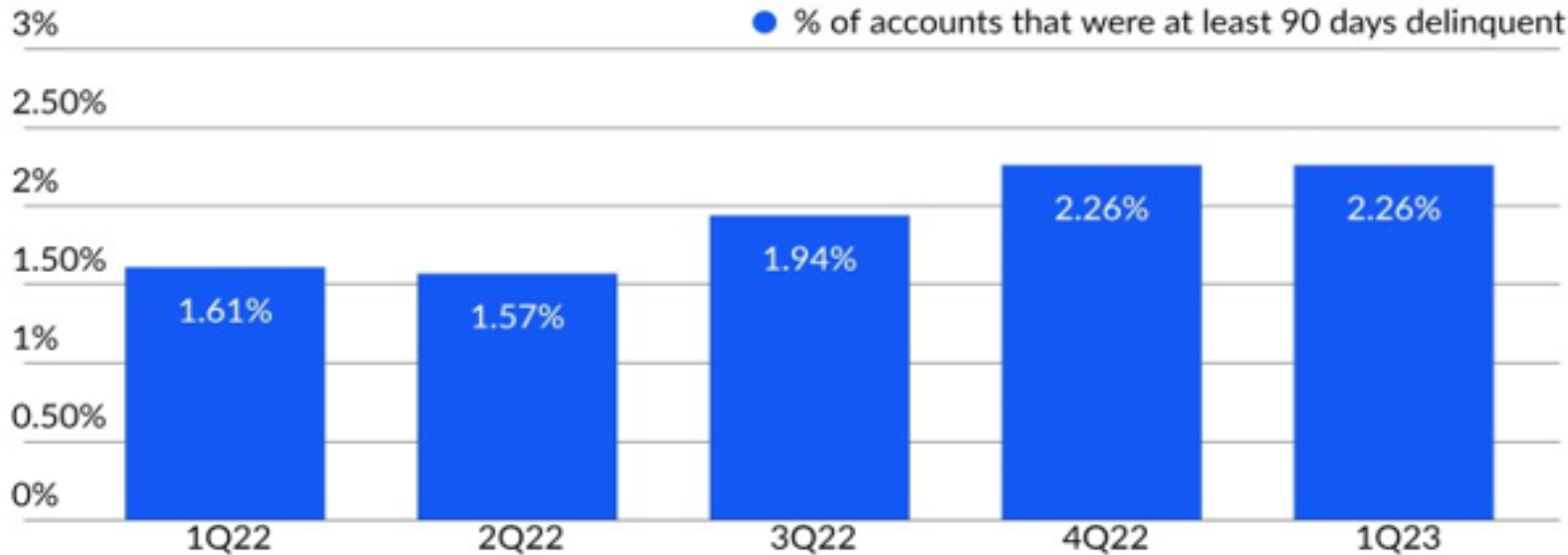
*Based on recent regulatory commentary / our DD & LR findings

**Susceptible Consumer*

Early Signs Of Stress . . . Mainly Consumer

Cardholders falling behind

Late-payment rates on credit cards remained unusually low in the first half of last year, but they have since climbed back to more normal levels



Source: TransUnion

- The increase was driven by subprime borrowers, who have been more vulnerable to inflation and interest rate hikes than borrowers with higher credit scores.
- U.S. credit card balances: \$917B in the Q1 '24 from \$769B in Q1 '23.
- Mortgage repayment performances remain strong.
- Truly a tale of two consumer segments!

--American Banker May, '23

Consumer debt passes \$17 trillion for the first time despite slide in mortgage demand

--CNBC May, '23

Current Credit Concerns (General)

Credit *performance* metrics still good, but future clouded by several factors.

Loan demand moderating, but vintages require monitoring.

Credit servicing continues to struggle.

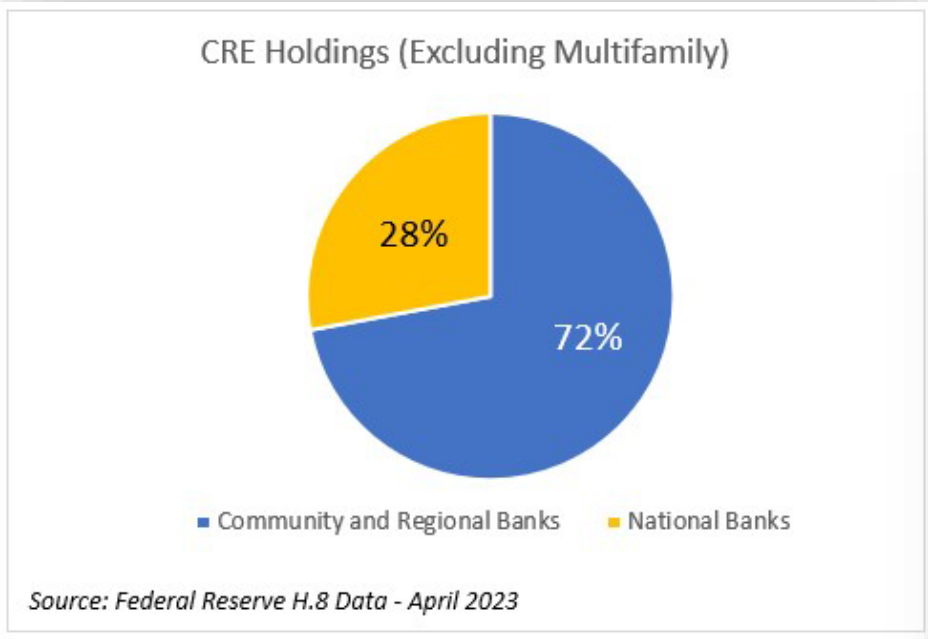
Rising consumer debt and delinquencies are now real.

But, for commercial bankers, most concern should be about CRE loans!

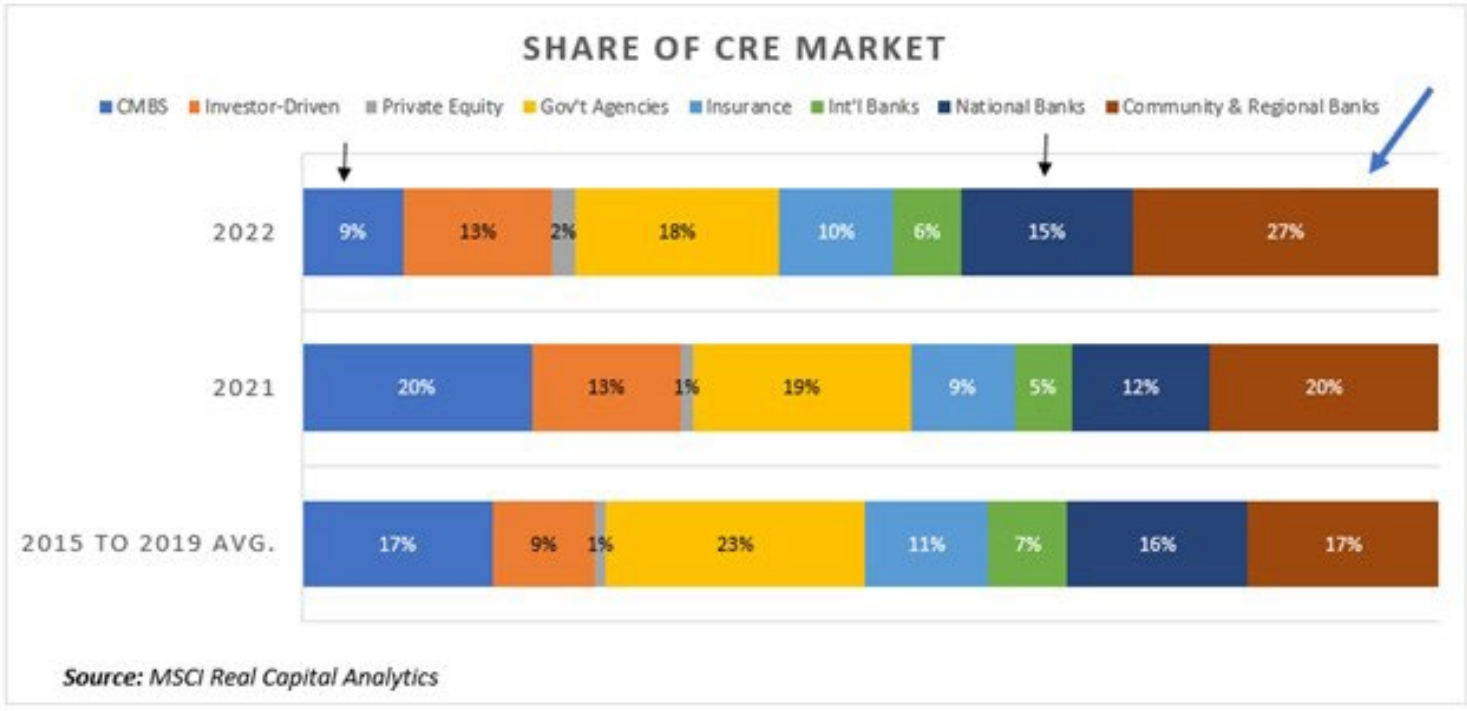
Community And Regional Banks:

CRE Has Exploded In Exposure *Just Since The Pandemic!*

Commercial Banking Exposure



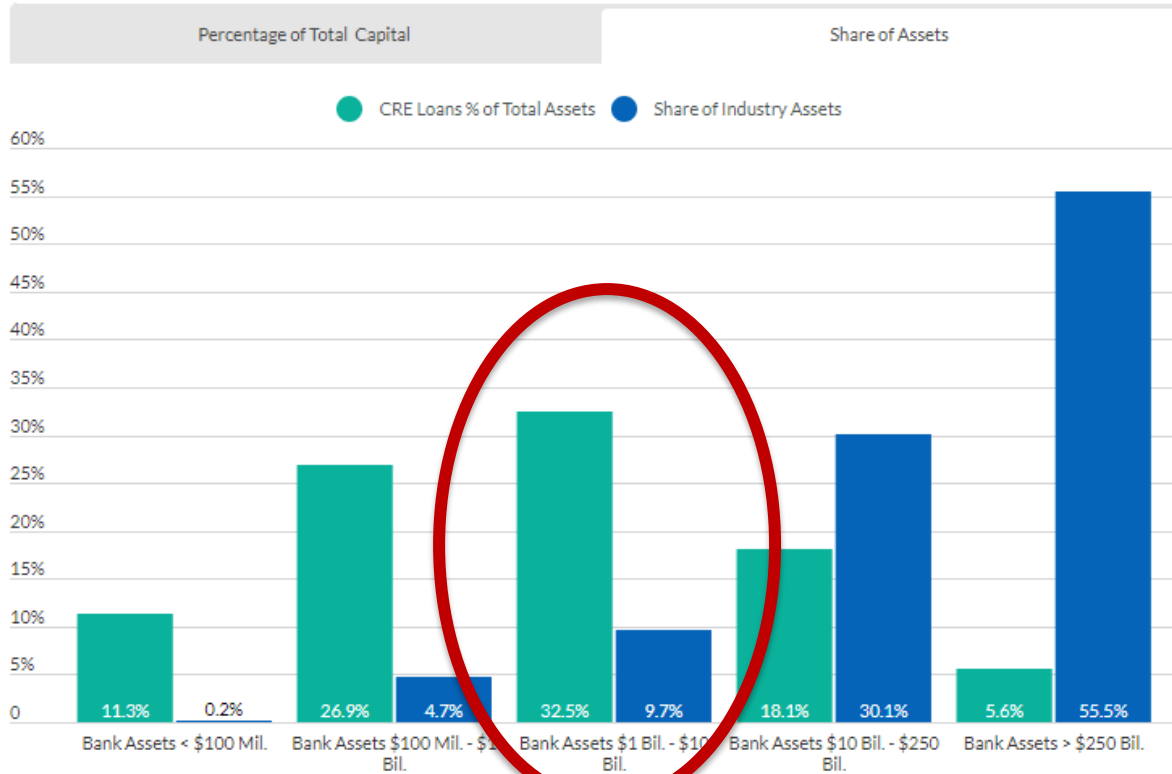
All CRE Exposure



CRE Lending (% Of Assets): Smaller Banks' CRE Exposure Dwarfs Larger Banks

Smaller Banks Exposure to CRE Significantly Higher than Larger Banks

Higher CRE Exposures and Elevated Loan Growth Have Historically Been Correlated to Small Bank Failures



Note: CRE includes all owner occupied and construction CRE loans. Total capital includes all Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital per definitions under U.S. regulations.

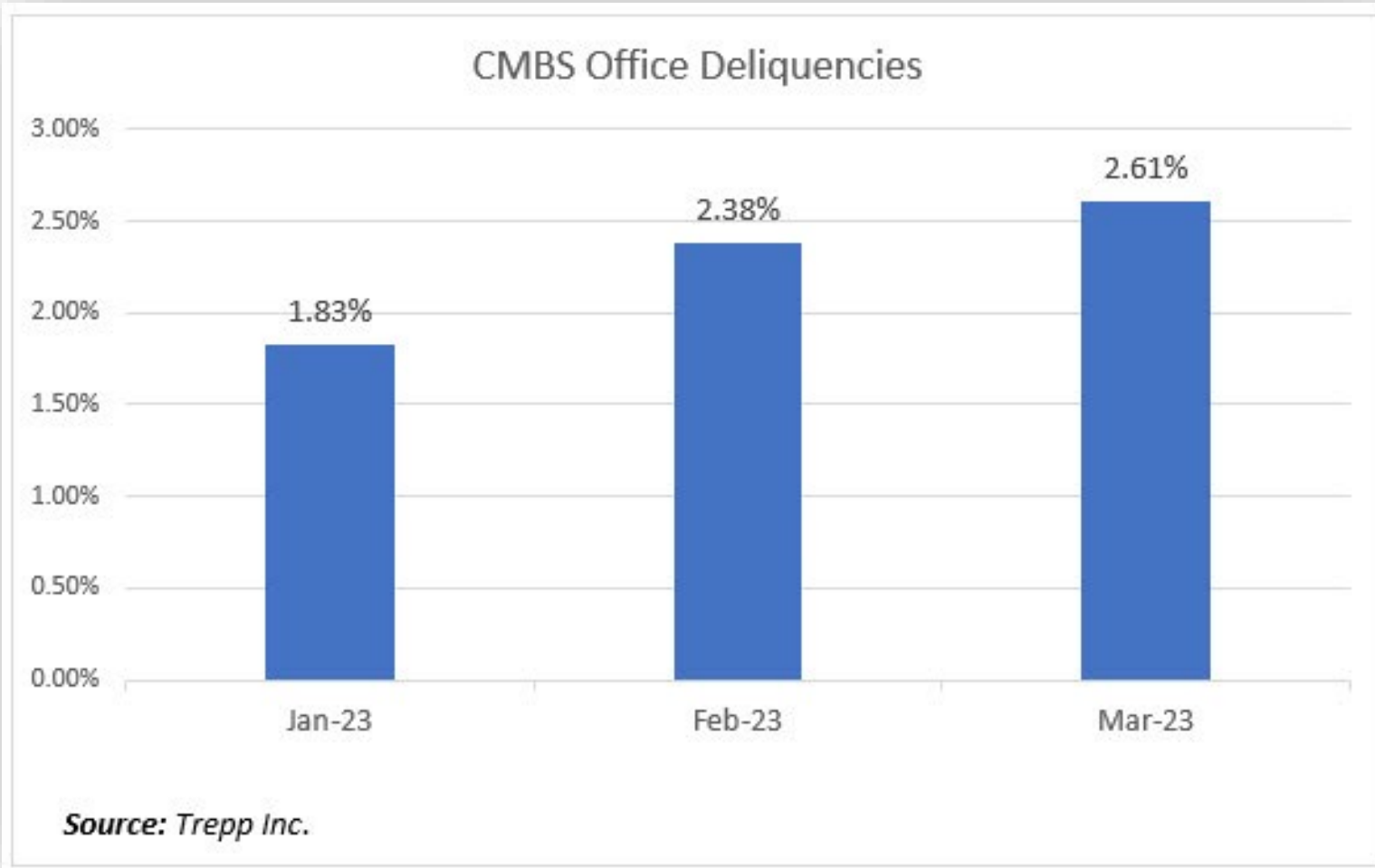
Source: Fitch Ratings, FedFis.



Share



Delinquencies – Especially Office Space – Rising!



- June CMBS delinquencies **↑20 bps / ↑16%** in last six months
- Morgan Stanley estimates **\$1.4T** in office space lending will be up for rate adjustments in next 24 months

All Four National Regulators Send **Red Flag** On CRE



PRESS RELEASE / June 29,
2023

Inter-Agency Guidance Policy Statement on Commercial Real Estate Loan Accommodations and Workouts

IF within basic safety & soundness protocols, examiners will not:

- criticize financial institutions adopting CRE workout plans and short-term accommodations; and
- automatically downgrade loans to “Substandard or worse” solely due to declining RE values, and borrower objectively is not deemed to be beyond ultimate repayment capacity.

All Four National Regulators Send **Red Flag** On CRE



PRESS RELEASE / June 29,
2023

Inter-Agency Guidance Policy Statement on Commercial Real Estate Loan Accommodations and Workouts


Other Highlights include guidance on:

- Short-term accommodations
- Loan workout programs
- Long-term workout arrangements
- Classification of loans, relative to:
 - Loan Performance
 - Renewals/restructurings
 - CRE dependent on sale of collateral
 - Classifications & treatment of accrual status

The guidance makes no changes in regulatory reporting and accounting protocols.

Higher for Longer might increase refinancing risk

- **Will a WALL OF MATURITIES bring stress/distress?**
- **\$1.5 trillion of CRE debt is expiring by the end of 2025**
- **\$117 billion of office loans are expiring in 2024**
- **Higher interest rates**
- **Unstable rent rolls**
- **High-cost basis**
- **Limited to no debt options**
- **Office loan defaults increasing**



Questions arising from CECL

Do I Need A New ALLL Policy?

- In general, many institutions have a brief policy on the ALLL calculation and process. CECL is sufficiently different to warrant you reviewing your existing policy and probably updating the policy. *Policy should be completed by 3/31/23.*
- **Policy Components to Consider:**
 - **Not Needed:** you do not have to repeat all the accounting language to describe what CECL is, or have your policy serve as a training or educational tool. Brief intro paragraph noting you have adopted the CECL guidance, the approach used, model and vendor.
 - **Responsibility:** name the individuals in the Bank who will access and run the model and who have oversight.
 - **Frequency:** the policy should specify how often the model will be run, the required reporting process to the Board/Board committees.
 - **Key Assumptions:** consider listing the key assumptions, the way average life and look back period will be determined, that CECL will apply to certain HTM securities, how unfunded commitments will be evaluated. Specify that key assumptions will be reviewed and approved by the Board/Board committee, and the frequency.

Early Questions – Reporting on Call Report



Is it better to have one provision account or three separate accounts?

Three separate accounts.

Top Questions – Reporting on Call Report



Do you have any information/recommendations about GL accounts and accounting entries so we can set them up appropriately on our books?

The Loan Loss reserve should be created in the same manner as you did for your ALLL reserve.

The HTM Securities reserve should be established as a contra-account in your securities section of the general ledger.

The Unfunded Commitments reserve should be set up as an “other liability” in the liabilities section of your general ledger.

Top Questions – WARMs



How often should we map our WARMs?

Initially, every quarter.

Top Questions – Prepayments and Unfunded Commitments



Which prepayment suggestion should I use?

Whichever one you feel comfortable with. The standard calls for a “reasonable and supportable” forecast. You can use our suggested assumption or modify based on your expectations or internal analysis.

Top Questions – Q Factors



What Q Factors can I use?

Any you feel will impact your loss rates in the future. Q factors are designed to adjust for risks not already reflected in your historical charge-off activity. This allows you best assess the reserve you believe is appropriate for your institution going forward.

Remember, the E in CECL stands for expected. Regulators are “expecting” to see increases to reserves prior to actual losses.

Top Questions – HTMs



How you would even calculate a reserve on an HTM?

Your securities dealer who sold you the security should have data for this. Absent that, you will have to perform an internal analysis. Again, there is not a requirement to have a reserve, but simply that the securities were evaluated to determine if a reserve is necessary.

Suggestion: Again, there is no requirement to have a reserve—but to evaluate securities to determine if a reserve is necessary.

Additional Observations

- Banks benefitted from parallel runs
- Q factors are still important – Your expectations
- Data warehousing/data quality is important and for some banks will become increasingly important
- Documentation remains important
- While now required, most banks do not have HTM Securities requiring analysis
- Unfunded commitments evaluations are necessary, but for most banks not terribly material
- Unfunded commitments will likely receive more attention in the future

Q Factors Are Still Relevant Under CECL

- Your historical numbers may not fully reflect your expectation of future losses
- Accounting for these differences from your historical experience are your Q factors

Q Factors Remain Central To Banks Reserve Calculations

- Qualitative Factors utilized in the ALLL and found in the FFIEC Guidance remain central for community banks
- What impacts your portfolio?
- Document your process

Don't Drown In Economic Data/Forecasting

What should I do?

- Be directionally accurate
- Monitor some macroeconomic data
 - Most banks review < 5 variables
- Be sensitive to what impacts your area economically
- Monitor larger banks in your area and nationally – Trend/Directional accuracy

National Bureau of Economic Research

- **Typically confirmed with the benefit of hindsight**
- **What do they review to determine whether or not we are in recession?**
 - Non-Farm payrolls
 - Real Consumption
 - Employment
 - Industrial Production
 - Real Personal Income (excluding transfer payments)
 - Real Manufacturing and Trade sales

Understand Validation Expectations

- Understand limitations/weaknesses
- Ask for SOC 1/validation
- Validation expectations in line with scope of model/tool
- Timing
 - Non-public banks later this year or next year's audit
 - The above subject to an earlier request from your auditor/regulator

Improve Your Q Factor Process In The Future

- Track internal portfolio metrics to better identify changes over time
- Track how your Risk Ratings are moving?
- Drill down into your portfolio to identify specific portfolios and characteristics
- Your portfolio data should ultimately dictate your Q factors!
 - You need to warehouse your data
 - Start with Interagency Loan Data Request file (ILDR file)
 - You need to analyze your portfolio

You Have The Data – Use It

CREDIT OVERVIEW

+ Tables & Charts
Recent 12/31/2022
Prior 10/31/2022
Tags

Entire portfolio

Borrower, Note Number, Relationship

STANDARD REPORTS ⋮

[Credit Overview](#)

[Loan Quality Indicators](#)

[Concentration Report](#)

[Top Borrowers & Concentrations](#)

[Risk Grade Distribution](#)

[Past Due Distribution](#)

[Non Pass Loans](#)

[Delinquent Loans](#)

[Pricing for Risk](#)

[Vintages](#)

CUSTOM REPORTS

[Report Builder](#)

[Custom Query](#)

[Pivot Table](#)

ADMIN

[Custom Groupbys](#)

PERIOD TO PERIOD CHANGES
PAST DUE TRENDS
RISK GRADE TRENDS

Period to Period Changes Show ACL Groups

General	Recent Period 12/31/2022	Change	Prior Period 10/31/2022	Balance Changes by Allowance for Credit Loss (ACL) Groups					
				Construction	Commercial RE	Residential RE	Commercial	Consumer	Other
Loan Count	1,243	14	1,229						
Total Balance	\$88,676,509	\$3,157,341	\$85,519,168	\$427,549	\$1,254,739	\$324,806	\$15,573	\$63,699	\$1,070,974
Average Loan Size	\$71,341	\$1,756	\$69,584						
WAVG Interest Rate	5.11%	0.21%	4.91%						
WAVG Risk Grade	3.16	-0.01	3.16						
Special Mention / Classified				Balance Changes - Special Mention/Classified Loans					
				Construction	Commercial RE	Residential RE	Commercial	Consumer	Other
Special Mention	\$268,004	(\$2,262)	\$270,266	--	(\$1,378)	(\$884)	--	--	--
% of Total	0.30%		0.32%						
Classified	\$47,933	(\$680)	\$48,613	--	--	--	--	--	(\$680)
% of Total	0.05%		0.06%						
Non-Accrual	\$47,933	(\$680)	\$48,613	--	--	--	--	--	(\$680)
% of Total	0.05%		0.06%						

Quickly See Your Portfolio In Meaningful Ways

LOAN QUALITY INDICATORS

+ Tables & Charts

Dataset Date 12/31/2022

Tags

Entire portfolio

Borrower, Note Number, Relationship



STANDARD REPORTS

Credit Overview

Loan Quality Indicators

Concentration Report

Top Borrowers & Concentrations

Risk Grade Distribution

Past Due Distribution

Non Pass Loans

Delinquent Loans

Pricing for Risk

Vintages

CUSTOM REPORTS

Report Builder

Custom Query

Pivot Table

ADMIN

Custom Groupbys

Loan Quality Indicators Balance by FFIEC Code

Loan Portfolio									
FFIEC Code	GROUP BY		Loan Count	Balance	Exposure	1-Year Growth	3-Year Growth	Special Mention	Classified
1A1	Construction		8	\$2,095,363	\$3,039,364	3.95%	635.44%	0.00%	0.00%
1A2	Dev'l		1	\$302,765	\$392,000	-14.20%	--	0.00%	0.00%
1B	Loan Officer		42	\$12,758,946	\$14,368,946	-0.08%	21.92%	0.36%	0.00%
1C1	Vintage		27	\$582,963	\$1,547,486	181.56%	142.82%	0.00%	0.00%
1C2A	Participations	1st Lien	512	\$16,666,949	\$16,666,949	42.01%	69.80%	0.24%	0.00%
1C2B	1-4 Family Resi Mortgage: Jr. Lien		47	\$1,417,229	\$1,417,229	163.31%	26.43%	0.00%	0.00%
1E1	Secured by OOCRE		65	\$15,959,443	\$17,362,780	-10.58%	72.77%	0.00%	0.00%
1E2	Secured by Non-OOCRE		142	\$19,322,237	\$20,105,759	9.71%	80.83%	0.64%	0.00%
3	Agricultural Production Loans		56	\$7,826,603	\$9,250,631	17.93%	60.34%	0.76%	0.00%
4A	Commercial & Industrial Loans		127	\$8,148,634	\$10,221,503	-7.64%	80.98%	0.00%	0.00%
6C	Auto Loans		82	\$1,583,686	\$1,583,686	8.14%	9.82%	0.00%	0.00%
6D	Other Consumer Loans		132	\$1,963,756	\$1,969,016	1.87%	-5.18%	0.00%	0.00%
Unmatched	Unmatched		2	\$47,933	\$47,933	379.36%	--	0.00%	100.00%
			1,243	\$88,676,509	\$97,973,282	8.22%	61.52%	0.30%	0.05%

If You Have Your ILDR/Flat File – Look What It Could Do For You

CREDIT OVERVIEW

+ Tables & Charts

Recent 12/31/2022

Prior 10/31/2022

Tags

Entire portfolio

Borrower, Note Number, Relationship



STANDARD REPORTS



Credit Overview

Loan Quality Indicators

Concentration Report

Top Borrowers & Concentrations

Risk Grade Distribution

Past Due Distribution

Non Pass Loans

Delinquent Loans

Pricing for Risk

Vintages

CUSTOM REPORTS

Report Builder

Custom Query

Pivot Table

ADMIN

Custom Groupbys

PERIOD TO PERIOD CHANGES PAST DUE TRENDS RISK GRADE TRENDS

Past Due Trends



Days Past Due	Recent Period 12/31/2022		Change		Prior Period 10/31/2022	
	Balances (\$)	% of Total	Change (\$)	Change (%)	Balances (\$)	% of Total
0-14 DPD	\$85,506,345	96.43%	\$2,237,680	2.69%	\$83,268,665	97.37%
15-29 DPD	\$1,375,413	1.55%	\$317,528	30.02%	\$1,057,886	1.24%
30-59 DPD	\$973,282	1.10%	\$668,422	219.26%	\$304,860	0.36%
60-89 DPD	\$432,986	0.49%	\$245,259	130.65%	\$187,727	0.22%
90+ DPD	\$388,482	0.44%	(\$311,548)	-44.50%	\$700,030	0.82%
Total	\$88,676,509	100.00%	\$3,157,341	3.69%	\$85,519,168	100.00%

Balance Distribution



METRIC Balance

Improve Your Q Factor Process

CREDIT OVERVIEW

+ Tables & Charts

Recent 12/31/2022 ⚙️

Prior 10/31/2022 ⚙️

Tags

Entire portfolio

Borrower, Note Number, Relationship



STANDARD REPORTS



Credit Overview

Loan Quality Indicators

Concentration Report

Top Borrowers & Concentrations

Risk Grade Distribution

Past Due Distribution

Non Pass Loans

Delinquent Loans

Pricing for Risk

Vintages

CUSTOM REPORTS

Report Builder

Custom Query

Pivot Table

ADMIN

Custom Groupbys

PERIOD TO PERIOD CHANGES PAST DUE TRENDS RISK GRADE TRENDS

Risk Grade Trends



Risk Grade	Recent Period 12/31/2022		Change		Prior Period 10/31/2022	
	Balances (\$)	% of Total	Change (\$)	Change (%)	Balances (\$)	% of Total
Pass	\$65,282,074	73.62%	\$2,509,566	4.00%	\$62,772,509	73.40%
Weak Pass	\$20,957,102	23.63%	\$595,450	2.92%	\$20,361,652	23.81%
Special Mention	\$268,004	0.30%	(\$2,262)	-0.84%	\$270,266	0.32%
Classified	\$47,933	0.05%	(\$680)	-1.40%	\$48,613	0.06%
Ungraded	\$2,121,396	2.39%	\$55,268	2.67%	\$2,066,128	2.42%
Total	\$88,676,509	100.00%	\$3,157,341	3.69%	\$85,519,168	100.00%

Balance Distribution



METRIC Balance ⚙️

Monitor Changes Over Time

RISK GRADE DISTRIBUTION

+ Tables & Charts

Dataset Date 12/31/2022

Tags Entire portfolio

Borrower, Note Number, Relationship



STANDARD REPORTS

- Credit Overview
- Loan Quality Indicators
- Concentration Report
- Top Borrowers & Concentrations
- Risk Grade Distribution
- Past Due Distribution
- Non Pass Loans
- Delinquent Loans
- Pricing for Risk
- Vintages

CUSTOM REPORTS

- Report Builder
- Custom Query
- Pivot Table

ADMIN

- Custom Groupbys

Notes

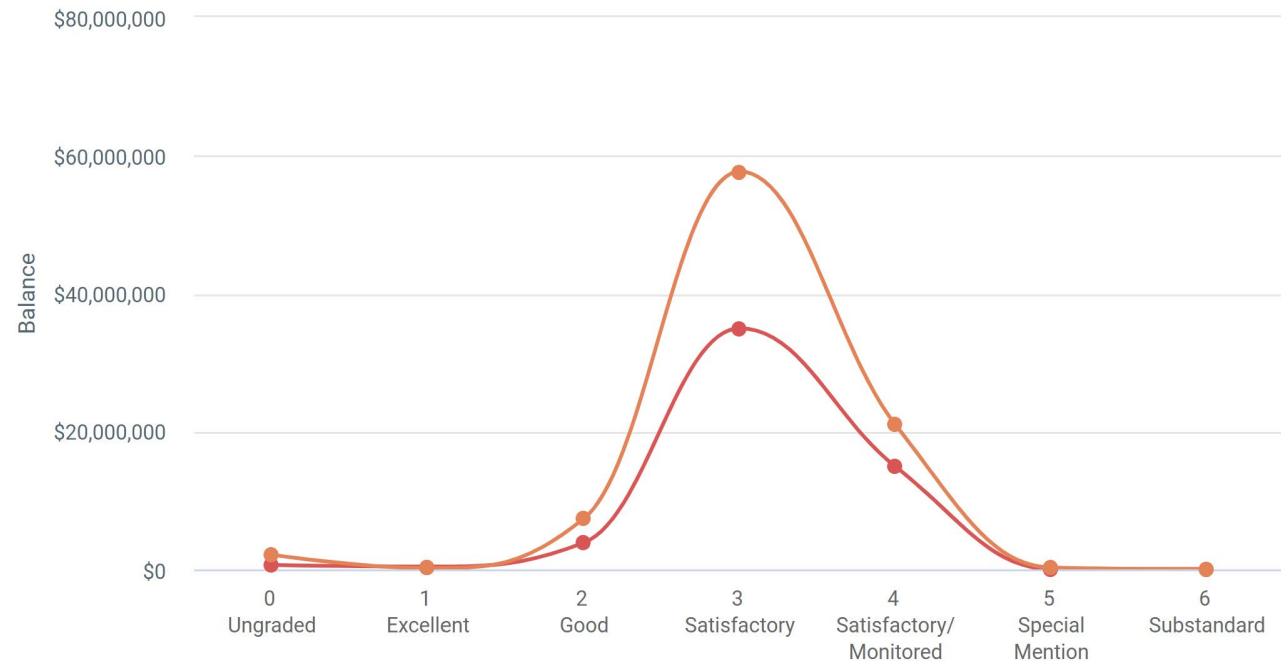
As of 12/31/2022, the loan portfolio reported Special Mention / Classified balances of \$315,937 (8 total loans) which represents 0.36% of portfolio balances.

Risk Grade Distribution Comparison by Balance

Dataset Dates 2 DATES SHOWING

METRIC Balance

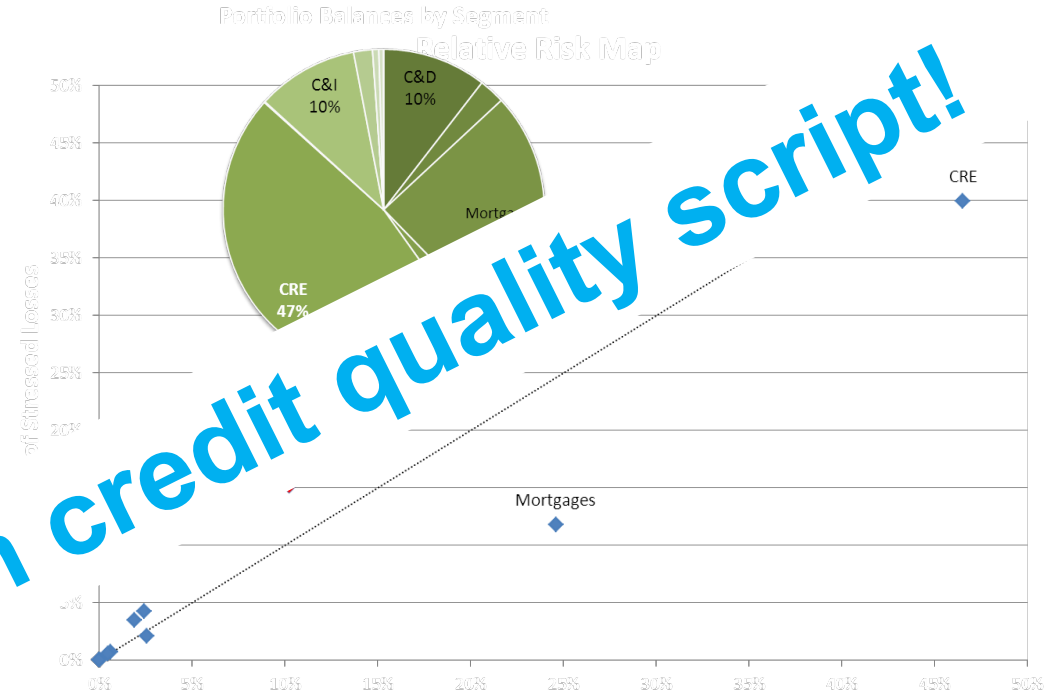
Filter by FFIEC Code 0 FILTERS APPLIED



Portfolio Analytics: Data mine Your Portfolio DNA (Business Intelligence)

- We're different from the Great Recession where only one industry was the focus (1-4 family housing)
- Data mine all aspects of the broader portfolio, loan review findings, and annual reviews
- Ferreting out hotspots within the portfolio is the name of the game for performance to come
- Early detection of stressed assets to avoid losses

Goal: Write your own credit quality script!



While balances and risk are correlated – they are not one in the same.

Interest Rate Discussion Moving From How High, To How Long? How will this impact the industry?

Tangible Common Equity/Tangible Assets % TCE/TA %	# of Banks at 3/31	# of Banks at 6/30
Less than 0	12	16
.01% to 1%	9	12
1.01% to 2%	24	22
2.01% to 3%	37	38
3.01% to 4%	73	83
4.01% to 5%	137	148

Affordable Fintech Solutions for Real Bank Problems.



QwickRate®

- Non-brokered Funding and Investing
- DTC CDs, Other Fixed Income Investments
(*QwickBonds*)



IntelliCredit™

- Loan Review Services (*by our experts*)
- Loan Review Tool (*for your internal team*)
- Annual Review Tool
- Portfolio Analytics and more



QwickAnalytics®

- CECL Solver Compliance Tool
- Credit Stress Test
- Bank Research, Performance Metrics and Analysis

Thank You for Attending!

800.285.8626

info@qwickrate.com